

**YEAR: 10**

**2017**

**SUBJECT: Science**

**Semester One Exam**

**TIME: 60 minutes**

**QUESTIONS: 20 Multiple Choice (20 marks)**

**5 Short Answer (47 marks)**

**TOTAL MARKS: 67 marks**

**DO NOT WRITE ON OR MARK THIS PAPER**

SECTION ONE - MULTIPLE CHOICE [20 marks]

This section has **20** questions. Answer **all** questions on the separate Answer Sheet provided. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Chromosomes are found in the nucleus of:

1. most cells of the body
2. brain cells only
3. gametes only
4. stem cells that have not yet differentiated

2. What is the name given to an individual whose alleles are the **same** for a characteristic?

1. heterozygous
2. homozygous
3. monohybrid
4. homologous

3. The periodic table:

1. is a systematic chart listing all known elements
2. arranges elements from lowest to highest atomic number
3. arranges elements in columns called groups
4. all of the above

4. Which of the following BEST describes a neutral atom?

In neutral atoms, there are always **equal** numbers of:

1. protons and neutrons
2. protons and electrons
3. protons, neutrons and electrons
4. neutrons and electrons

5. What is the term used for a row in the periodic table?

1. group
2. row
3. line
4. period

6. An atom has a mass number of 27. It therefore has:

1. 13 protons, 14 neutrons and 14 electrons
2. 13 protons, 14 neutrons and 13 electrons
3. 14 protons, 14 neutrons and 14 electrons
4. 13 protons, 13 neutrons and 13 electrons

7. Which of the following shows the correct conjugate base pairs?

1. thymine and guanine
2. adenine and guanine
3. cytosine and adenine
4. cytosine and guanine

8. If a disease in humans is said to be sex linked, what pair of chromosomes must contain the gene responsible for the disease?

1. 21st pair
2. 22nd pair
3. 23rd pair
4. 24th pair

9. Which of the following is a noble (inert) gas?

1. Oxygen
2. Chlorine
3. Neon
4. Hydrogen

10. If a diploid cell in a plant has 32 chromosomes, how many chromosomes will be in each gamete?

1. 32
2. 30
3. 16
4. 14

11. Which group number do the alkaline earth metals belong to?

1. Group 1
2. Group 2
3. Group 3
4. Group 7

12. Which of the following is the **most** reactive metal element?

1. potassium
2. iron
3. aluminium
4. steel

13. Which of the following best describes what occurs during **anaphase**?

1. Chromosomes line up in a single line across the centre of the cell
2. Chromosomes become visible and the nuclear membrane disappears
3. Chromatids are pulled apart by spindle fibers, toward the poles of the cell
4. Cytoplasm divides down the middle of the cell

14. What is the term used to describe alleles that have equal dominance?

1. independent assortment
2. recession
3. co-dominance
4. incomplete dominance

15. Which of the following statements about the number of daughter cells produced is CORRECT?

1. mitosis = 4 daughter cells, meiosis = 2 daughter cells
2. mitosis = 1 daughter cell, meiosis = 2 daughter cells
3. mitosis = 1 daughter cell, meiosis = 4 daughter cells
4. mitosis = 2 daughter cells, meiosis = 4 daughter cells

16. The structure of DNA may be described as a twisted ladder. Recall what forms the upright parts of the ladder.

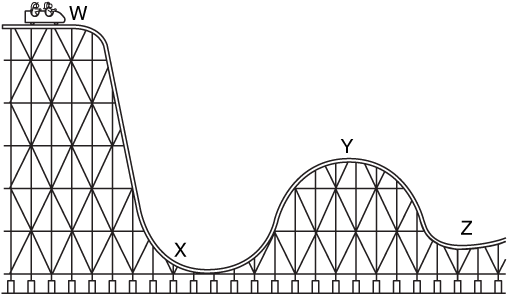
1. alternating sugar and phosphate units
2. nitrogen bases
3. amino acids
4. proteins

17. Nitrogen is in period 2, group 15. Which of the following elements would have the most **similar** properties to nitrogen?

1. Phosphorus P (period 3, group 15)
2. Oxygen O (period 2, group 16)
3. Neon Ne (period 2, group 18)
4. Sodium Na, because its symbol also starts with N

18. Which of the following best describes the energy changes occurring when an apple falls from a tree branch to the ground below?

1. gravitational potential→kinetic→sound
2. gravitational potential→elastic potential→sound
3. kinetic→sound→gravitational potential
4. elastic potential→sound→kinetic

Questions **19 and 20** refer to the diagram of a rollercoaster below.

19. At which point on the rollercoaster does the cart have the **most** gravitational potential energy?

1. W
2. X
3. Y
4. Z

20. At which point on the rollercoaster does the cart have the **most** kinetic energy?

1. W
2. X
3. Y
4. Z

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**Year 10**

**Science**

**Semester 1 Exam 2017**

**ANSWER BOOKLET**

**NAME:**

**FORM: DATE:**

**Multiple Choice Short Answer Total**

**/ 20**

**/20**

**/ 67**

**/10**

**/ 47**

**/35**

**SECTION ONE: Multiple choice answers**

**Cross (X) through the correct answer.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **11** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **2** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **12** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **3** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **13** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **4** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **14** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **5** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **15** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **6** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **16** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **7** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **17** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **8** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **18** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **9** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **19** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **10** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |  | **20** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |

SECTION TWO - SHORT ANSWER SECTION [47 marks]

This section has **5** questions. Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 1.**

1. Complete the following table: (12 marks)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ELEMENT | ATOMIC NUMBER | ELECTRON SHELL DIAGRAM | ELECTRON CONFIGURATION | ELEMENT SYMBOL |
| Oxygen |  |  |  |  |
| Aluminium |  |  |  |  |
| Potassium |  |  |  |  |

1. Identify **two differences** between the alkali metals and the noble gases: (4 marks)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Alkali metals | Noble gases |
|  |  |
|  |  |

**Question 2.**

1. The diagram below shows a simplified illustration of the stages of mitosis. However, the stages are not in the correct order. Identify the correct order and write the letters corresponding to each stage, in order on the line below.

 (5 marks)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Complete the table by identifying **two** **differences** between mitosis and meiosis.

(4 marks)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| MITOSIS | MEIOSIS |
| Occurs in most cells of the body | Occurs only in the gametes |
|  |  |
|  |  |

**Question 3.**

Consider the following pedigree for hair colour in mice. Mice can have either black coats (B) or brown coats (b). Black coats are dominant to brown.



Male Female

1. What is the genotype for brown coats? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1 mark)
2. Which individuals have brown coats? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2 marks)
3. How are individuals 10 and 11 related to each other? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1 mark)
4. Individuals 6 and 7 are 'carriers' of the brown allele. What is meant by the term carrier?

(2 marks)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**Question 4.**

Having dimples (D) in your cheeks is dominant to having no dimples (d).

1. Write the possible genotypes and phenotypes for this trait. (6 marks)

Genotypes Phenotypes

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A heterozygous man, who has dimples, has children with a woman with no dimples.

1. Draw a Punnett square to show the potential offspring these two individuals can produce.

(3 marks)

1. What is the probability (%) that they produce a child with no dimples? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(1 mark)

**Question 5.**

**Work= f** x **d Gravitational Potential Energy (J) = m** x **g** x **h** where g=9.8 m/s

1. An elastic band is stretched back and then released. It travels a distance of 5 metres. If the force required to pull the elastic band was 5 Newtons, calculate the amount of work done. Show your working.

(2 marks)

1. State the law of conservation of energy: (1 mark)

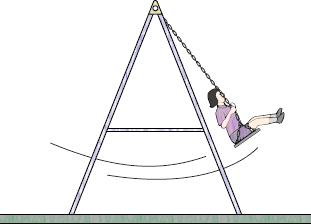
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1. Tony the firefighter has a mass of 90kg. He climbs up a 7 meter ladder to rescue a cat. Calculate his gravitational potential energy. Show your working. (2 marks)
2. When a person is pushed on a swing, they move back and forth. Potential energy is continually being converted into kinetic energy, and then back into potential energy. If they STOP being pushed and sit still on the swing, eventually the swing comes to a stop.

Suggest **one** reason as to why this occurs.

 (1 mark)

**END OF PAPER**